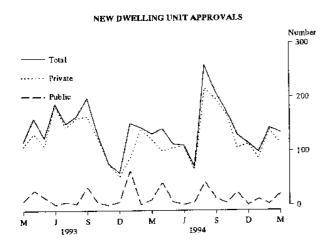
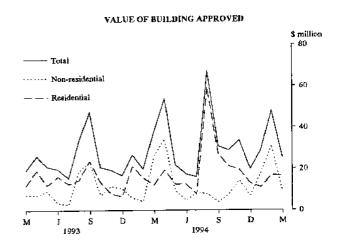


CATALOGUE NO. 8731.7 EMBARGOED UNTIL 11:30 AM 4 MAY 1995

BUILDING APPROVALS, NORTHERN TERRITORY, MARCH 1995

MAIN FEATURES





Residential

- A total of 135 dwelling units, comprising 83 new houses, 49 other residential dwellings and 3 houses created from alterations to existing structures, were approved for March 1995.
- Of the 83 new houses approved, 35 were for Palmerston, 17 for Darwin Rural Areas and 12 for Alice Springs. The majority of other residential dwelling approvals were spread between the Darwin City area (23), Alice Springs (12) and Palmerston (8).
- For the nine months ended March 1995, 1,338 dwellings have been approved, a 10.6 per cent increase on the 1,210 dwellings approved for the same period of the previous year.
- The value of new residential building approved for March 1995 was \$14.3 million a slight drop from the \$14.4 million for February.

Non residential

 The value of non residential building work approved for March 1995 was \$8.9 million. For the nine months ended March 1995 approvals totalled \$107.1million, a 2.9 per cent decrease on the \$110.3 million for the same period of the previous year.

Total Building

- The value of total building work approved for March 1995 was \$25.4 million, compared with \$48.0 million for the previous month. This difference was almost entirely due to the lower value of non residential building.
- For the nine months ended March 1995 approvals totalled \$299.8 million, a 25.8 per cent increase on the \$238.4 million total for the same period of the previous year.

INQUIRIES

- for more information about statistics in this publication and the availability of related unpublished statistics, contact Damian Sparkes on Adelaide (08) 237 7590 or any ABS State Office.
- for information about other ABS statistics and services please refer to the back of this publication.

TABLE 1. NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS APPROVED

	N	ew houses		New other i	residential huit	dings	_	Total (b)			
Period	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Conv- = ersions, etc.	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Trend estimate
1991-92	728	244	972	438	49	487	8	1,174	293	1,467	1.515
1992-93	961	94	1,055	416	9	425	7	1,384	103	1,487	1,486
1993-94	922	171	1,093	464	14	478	6	1,392	185	1,577	1,600
1993-94											
July-March	696	128	824	375	6	381	5	1,076	134	1,210	1,200
1994-95										. 220	1.300
July-March	628	78	706	569	50	619	13	1,210	128	1.338	1,296
1994								na.	24	152	120
January	72	64	136	16	-	16		88	64		
February	104	2	106	38	_	38		142	2	144	129
March	79	7	86	43	4	47	_	122	11	133	132
April	83	34	117	16	8	24	1	100	42	142	132
May	81	7	88	26	-	26	_	107	7	114	131
June	62	2	64	47	_	47		109	2	111	136
July	5 6	6	62	10		10	_	66	6	72	147
August	71	40	111	146	3	149		217	43	260	159
September	71	10	81	125	3	128		196	13	209	163
October	66	3	69	95	2	97	8	169	5	174	158
November	82		82	23	24	47	2	107	24	131	146
December	79	1	80	35		35		114	1	115	135
1995—								25		ac	100
January	55	_	55	32	12	44	_	87	12	99	129
February	80	3	83	60	_	60	_	140	3	143	128
March	68	15	83	43	6	49	3	114	21	135	132

NOTE: Buildings for Aboriginal Communities are included in the Private Sector. However, if the building is owned by a Community Government Council it will be included in the Public Sector. (b) Includes Conversions, etc. See paragraphs 9-11 of the Explanatory Notes.

TABLE 2. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED

							(2.000)							
•		_		New res	idential t	nuilding				Alterations				
Period		Houses			Other residential buildings			Total			Non-residential building		Total building	
	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	to residential huildings	Private sector	Total	Private sector	Tora
1991-92	57,519	35,714	93,232	32,421	4,566	36,987	89,940	40,279	130,219	17,842	38,219	93,230	141,298	241,29
1992-93	82.911	16,059	98.970	27,595	639	28,234	110,506	16,698	127.204	19,197	29,117	81,072	156,733	227.47
1993-94	84,997	29,312	114,309	40,105	1,038	4],]44	125,102	30,350	155,452	17,307	68,34 2	158,946	210,026	331.700
1993-94													146 888	7711.74
July-March	61,793	21.637	83,430	31.358	463	31.821	93,151	22,100	115,251	12.845	42,612	110.287	148,008	238,38.
1994-95										12.260	47.553	107 121	217,808	299,775
July-March	61,196	11,709	72,905	92,761	9,623	102,384	153,957	21,332	175,289	17,360	47,552	107,131	217,608	299,113
1994—		40.000	10.246	1.001		1.001	7,627	12,780	20,407	710	5,172	5,632	13,509	26,749
January	6,536	12,780	19,316	1,091		1,091 3, 6 00	13,684	250	13,934	1,619	1,956	4,375	17.159	19,92
February	10,084	250	10,334	3,600	-		9,389	966	10,356	1,891	2,743	25,910	14,023	38,150
March	6,796	702	7,498	2.593	265	2,858	10,173	7,327	17,500	1,862	22,464	34,464	34,449	53,82
April	8,963	6,751	15,714	1,210	575	1,786	10,775	654	11,369	1,332	1,810	9,409	13,857	22,110
May	7,956	654	8,610	2,758		2,758		270	11,369	1,352	1,456	4,786	13,711	17,380
June	6,285	270	6,555	4,778		4,778	11,063	694	6,698	856	3,376	8,463	10.236	16,016
July	4.913	694	5,606	1,092		1,092	6,004 50,159	8,195	58,354	1,243	5,049	7,826	56,451	67,42
August	7,844	6,995	14,839	42,314	1,200	43,514		1.800	25,254	1,828	3,323	3,939	28,605	31,02
September	7,320	1,479	8,799	16,134	321	16,455	23,454 19,967	517	20,483	881	4.278	7,615	25,126	28.97
October	6,274	321	6,595	13,693	196	13,888		5,800	15,101	4.492	6.458	14.317	19,841	33,910
November	7,177		7,177	2,124	5,800	7,924	9,301	100	10,973	2,067	6.400	6,957	19,340	19,99
December	7,103	100	7,203	3,770	_	3,770	10,873	100	10,575	2,007	0.400	(1,00)	15,040	.,,,,,
1995—				2 41 0	1 400	4 01 0	8,313	1,400	9,713	1,389	4,113	17,860	13,572	28,960
January	4,895	-	4,895	3,41B	1,400	4,818 5,490	14,232	206	14,438	2,401	12,111	31,206	28,672	48,04
February	8,742	206	8,948	5,490				2,621	14,436	2,401	2,446	8,948	15.965	25.424
March	6.927	1,915	8,841	4,727	706	5,433	11,654	2,021	14,274	2,202	2,770	0,540		

TABLE 3. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED, (a) BY CLASS OF BUILDING AND OWNERSHIP

Class of building		July-March				1995		
Class of outlaing	1992-93	1993-94	1993-94	1994-95	January	February	Marc	
		PRIVATE	SECTOR					
New houses	82,911	84,997	61,793	61,196	4,895	8.742	6,927	
New other residential buildings	27,595	40,105	31,358	92,761	3,418	5,490	4,72	
Total new residential building	110,506	125,102	93, 151	153,957	8,3/3	14,232	11.654	
	,	,	,	100,000		. ,,	,	
Alterations and additions to								
residential buildings	17,109	16,582	12,245	16,299	1,146	2,329	1,866	
Hotels, etc.	1,710	10,420	10,420	17,453	3,000	8,700		
Shops	2,690	30,011	8,176	8,809	350	55	1.926	
Factories	1,350	1,686	1,454	2.683	50	114	60	
Offices	7,312	2.027	1,577	4,601	55	148		
Other business premises	9,290	8,432	6.832	6,756	126	440	385	
Educational	1,735	5,835	5,130	3.037	317	2,470	_	
Religious	187	60	60			_		
Health	1,845	1.506	1.506	785	_		_	
Entertainment and recreational	834	5,325	4,970	2.495		_	75	
Miscellaneous	2,164	3,039	2,486	934	215	184		
Total non-residential building	29,117	68.342	42,612	47,552	4.113	12,111	2,446	
Total	156,733	210,026	148,008	217,808	13,572	28,672	15,965	
		PUBLIC S	ECTOR					
	14.050	20.212	21.727	11 700		206	1.015	
New houses	16,059	29.312	21,637	11,709 9,623	1,400	206	1,915 706	
New other residential buildings	639	1.038	463 22,100	9,023 21,332	1,400	206	2,621	
Total new residential building	16,698	30,350	22,100	21,332	1,400	200	2,021	
Alterations and additions to								
residential buildings	2,088	725	600	1,061	243	72	337	
-								
Hotels, etc.	- 0	_				_		
Shops	485			1,762		_	1,672	
Factories	_	4,213	3,786	11,706	_	8,066	490	
Offices	14,837	19,142	19,087	2,502	_	60	120	
Other business premises	813	10,754	7,554	2,218		180	188	
Educational	11,309	23,443	16,798	14,378	170	10,670	2,292	
Religious		10,946	1,814	202		_		
Health	6,726 300	4,846	3,480	2,016	112	119	90	
Entertainment and recreational	17,484	17,261	15,155	24,795	13,465		1,650	
Miscellaneous Tatal non-residential building	51,954	90,605	67,675	59,578	13,747	19,095	6,502	
Total non-residential outputing	31,254	50,000	22,0.2	22,273		,	.,	
Total	70,740	121,680	90,375	81,971	15,390	19,373	9,460	
		TOTA	AL					
	22.252	44420	no 440	T2 00F	4 005	0.040	8,841	
New houses	98,970	114,309	83,430	72,905	4,895	8,948 5,490	5.433	
New other residential buildings	28,234	41,144	31,821	102,384 175,289	4,818 <i>9,713</i>	14,438	14,274	
Total new residential building	127,204	155,452	115,251	173,207	9,713	14,430	24,274	
Alterations and additions to								
residential buildings	19,197	17,307	12,845	17,360	1,389	2,401	2,202	
_								
Hotels, etc.	1,710	10,420	10,420	17,453	3,000	8,700	_	
Shops	3,175	30,011	8,176	10,571	350	55	3,598	
Factories	1,350	5,899	5,240	14,389	50	8,180	550	
Offices	22,149	21,169	20,664	7,103	55	208	120	
Other business premises	10,103	19,186	14,386	8,974	126	620	573	
Educational	13,044	29,278	21.928	17,415	487	13,140	2,292	
Religious	187	60	60		_	_	_	
Health	8,571	12,452	3,321	987			145	
Entertainment and recreational	1,134	10,171	8,450	4,511	112	119	165	
Miscellaneous	19,648	20,300	17,641	25,729	13,680	184 31 206	1,650 8,948	
Total non-residential huilding	81,072	158,946	110,287	107,131	17,860	31,206	0,740	

⁽a) Buildings for Aboriginal Communities are included in the Private Sector. However, if the building is owned by a Community Government Council it will be included in the Public Sector.

TABLE 4. BUILDING APPROVED (a) IN SELECTED AREAS, MARCH 1995

	<u> </u>		Neu	Alterations							
		Houses				Other residential buildings					
	Private sector		Public sector		Private sector		Public sector		additions 10 residential	Non- residential	Total
Selected statistical areas		Value (\$ '000)	Number	Value (\$'000)	Number	Value (\$ 000)	Number	Value (\$ '000)	biáldings (\$ 000)	huilding (\$ 000)	building (\$ 000)
D (CCD)	4	537			23	3,196		_	801	2,213	6,747
Darwin City (SSD)	25	2,668	10	1.323	8	378			79	88	4,536
Palmerston-East Arm (SSD) Darwin (SD)	29	3,205	10	1,323	31	3,574	-	_	881	2,301	11,284
Alice Springs (T)	10	1,072	2	182	12	1,153	_	·-	170	6,327	8,904
Katherine (T)	_	_	_		_			_	59		59
Tennant Creek (T)	_	_			-			_	1 29	90	219
Darwin Rural Areas (SSD)	17	1,570	_	_	_		-		632	[10	
	12	1,079	3	410	_	_	6	706	332	120	
Remainder of Balance (SD) Northern Territory Balance (SD)	39	3,721	5	592	12	1,153	6	706	1,322	6,647	14,141
Northern Territory	68	6,927	15	1,915	43	4,727	6	706	2,202	8,948	25,424

⁽a) Buildings for Aboriginal Communities are included in the Private Sector. However, if the building is owned by a Community Government Council it will be included in the Public Sector. (b) Excludes Conversions, etc.

TABLE 5. NUMBER OF NEW HOUSES (a) APPROVED BY MATERIAL OF OUTER WALLS IN SELECTED AREAS MARCH 1995

	Material of outer walls										
Selected statistical areas	Double brick(b)	Brick veneer	Fibre cement	Timber	Metal clad and other	Not stated	Tota				
D /GD)	29		_	_	8	2	39				
Darwin (SD) Alice Springs (T)	9	2	1		_		12				
Darwin Rurai Areas (SSD)	9	_	_		6	2	17				
Northern Territory	50	2	1	_	23	7	8.1				

⁽a) Excludes Conversions, etc. (b) Includes houses constructed with outer walls of stone or concrete.

TABLE 6. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED AT AVERAGE 1989-90 PRICES (a)
(\$ million)

<u> </u>	N	ıl building		Alterations and	Non-resident building	tial	Total building		
	Hauses		Other		ana additions to				
Period	Private sector	Total	residential buildings	Total	residential buildings	Private sector	Total	Private sector	Total
1991-92	51.5	83.4	33.6	117.0	16.0	35.7	87. i	128.7	220,1
1992-93	71.8	85.7	25.3	111.0	16.6	27.4	76.3	139.1	204.0
1992-93	70.0	94.1	36.7	130.8	14.3	64.1	149,1	184.5	294.1
1993—		24.3	122	40.2	4.3	20.7	42.5	59.3	87.0
Sept. qtr. Dec. qtr.	21.5 11.2	26.9 12.5	13.3 8.4	20.9	3.0	10.0	27.3	32.8	51.2
1994—				37.0	3.4	9.2	33.7	38.4	74.1
Mar. qtr.	19.1	30.3	6.7	37.0	3.5	24.1	45.6	54.0	81.6
June qtr.	18.3	24.4	8.3	77.2	3.1	11.0	18.9	83.0	99.2
Sept. qtr. Dec. qtt.	15.8 15.9	23.1 16.2	54.1 22.6	38.9	5.8	16.0	27.0	55.3	71.6

⁽a) See paragraphs 21-23 of the Explanatory Notes. Constant price estimates are subject to revision each quarter as more up to date information on prices and commodity compositions becomes available.

TABLE 7. NEW DWELLING UNITS (2) APPROVED IN SELECTED AREAS, BY TYPE MARCH 1995

		New other residential building								
	_	Semi-detached, row or terruce houses, townhouses, etc. of			Flats, units or aparaments in a building of					Total new
Selected statistical area	New houses	1 storey	2 or more storeys	Total	I=2 storeys	3 storeys	4 or more storeys	Total	Total	residential building
			NUI	MBER OF (WELLING UN	nts			_	
Darwin City (SSD)	4	<u>-</u> -	9	9	14		_	[4	23	27
Palmerston-East	•								_	
Arm (SSD)	35	6		6	2			2	8	43
Darwin (SD)	39	6	9	15	16			16	31	70
D : /Th	12	8		8	4	_		4	12	24
Alice Springs (T)	12			_					_	
Katherine (T)	_		_	<u></u>		_	_			_
Tennant Creek (T)	•	_								
Darwin Rural Areas (SSD)	17			· -	_			_		17
Remainder of				,					6	21
Balance (SD)	15	6	_	6	_		_		-	
Northern Territory Balance (SD)	44	14	_	14	4			4	18	62
Balance (SD)			_		7.0			20	49	132
Northern Territory	83	20	9	29	20					
				VAL	Æ (\$'000)					
Darwin City (SSD)	537	 -	1,396	1.396	1,800	_		1,800	3,196	3,733
Palmerston-Fast				270	100			100	378	4,369
Arm (SSD)	3,991	278	1.304	278 1,674	1,900	_		1,900	3,574	8,102
Darwin (SD)	4,528	278	1,396	1,074	1,200	_		•	-	
Alice Springs (T)	1,254	728		728	425			425	1,153	2,407
Katherine (T)	· —		_		_	_		_		_
Tennant Creek (T)				_	_					
Darwin Rural Areas (SSD)	1,570			_					_	1,570
Remainder of Balance (SD)	1,489	706	_	706	_		_	_	706	2,195
Northern Territory Balance (SD)	4,313	1,434		1,434	425	-	_	425	1.859	6,172
Northern Territory	8,841	1,712	1,396	3,108	2,325		_	2,325	5,433	14,274

⁽a) Excludes Conversions, etc.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

This publication contains monthly details of building work approved.

- 2. Statistics of building work approved are compiled from:
 - (a) permits issued by licensed Private Building Certifiers or the Building Branch, Northern Territory Department of Lands and Housing, in areas subject to building control by this authority;
 - (b) contracts let or day labour work authorised by Commonwealth, State, semi-government and local government authorities.

Major building activity which takes place in areas not subject to the normal administrative approval processes (e.g. buildings on remote mine sites) is also included.

Scope and coverage

- 3. The statistics relate to building activity which includes construction of new buildings and alterations and additions to existing buildings. Construction activity not defined as building (e.g. construction of roads, bridges, railways, earthworks etc.) is excluded.
- 4. In relation to work carried out on existing buildings, the statistics include details of non-structural renovation and refurbishment work and the installation of integral building fixtures, for which building approval was obtained.
- 5. From July 1990, the statistics cover:
 - (a) all approved new residential building jobs valued at \$10,000 or more (previously \$5,000 or more).
 - (b) all approved alterations and addition of residential buildings valued at \$10,000 or more.
 - (c) all approved non-residential building jobs valued at \$50,000 or more (previously \$30,000 or more).

These changes mainly affect non-residential building data. In particular, care should be taken in interpreting data for specific classes of non-residential building.

Definitions

- 6. A building is defined as a rigid, fixed and permanent structure which has a roof. Its intended purpose is primarily to house people, plant, machinery, vehicles, goods or livestock. An integral feature of a building's design, to satisfy its intended use, is the provision for regular access by persons.
- 7. A dwelling unit is defined as a self-contained suite of rooms, including cooking and bathing facilities and intended for long term residential use. Units (whether self-contained or not) within buildings offering institutional care, such as hospitals; or temporary accommodation such as motels, hostels and holiday apartments, are not defined as dwelling units. The value of units of this type is included in the appropriate category of 'non-residential buildings' approved.
- 8. A residential building is defined as a building predominantly consisting of one or more dwelling units. Residential buildings can be either houses or other residential buildings as follows:
 - (a) A house is defined as a detached building predominantly used for long term residential purposes and

- consisting of only one dwelling unit. Thus, detached granny flats and detached dwelling units such as caretakers' residences associated with non-residential buildings are defined as houses for the purpose of these statistics.
- (b) An other residential building is defined as a building which is predominantly used for long term residential purposes and which contains (or has attached to it) more than one dwelling unit (e.g. includes townhouses, duplexes, apartment buildings etc.).
- 9. From the January 1995 issue of this publication, the number of dwelling units approved as part of alterations and additions to or conversions of existing residential or non-residential buildings and as part of the construction of non-residential building is shown separately in Table 1 under the heading of 'Conversions, etc.', and is included in the total number of dwelling units shown in the table. Previously, such dwellings were only included as a footnote.
- 10. In addition, the January 1995 issue of this publication introduced trend estimates for the total number of dwelling units approved, which are shown in Table 1. The number of dwelling units approved as part of these conversions, etc., is included in these trend estimates.
- 11. The value of new residential building approved continues to exclude the value of dwelling units approved as part of alterations and additions to or conversions of existing residential or non-residential buildings and as part of the construction of non-residential building. Approved building work represented by these conversions, etc. jobs continues to be included in the value of alterations and additions to residential buildings or in the value of non-residential building as appropriate.
- 12. Values data are derived by aggregation of the estimated value (when completed) of building work (excluding value of land and landscaping but including site preparation) as reported on approval documents. For 'houses' these estimates are usually a reliable indicator of the value of the completed building. However, for 'other residential buildings' and 'non-residential buildings' these estimates can differ significantly from the value of the completed building.

Building classification

- 13. Ownership of a building is classified as either Public Sector or Private Sector according to the sector of the intended owner of the completed building as evident at the time of approval. Residential buildings being constructed by private sector builders under government housing authority schemes whereby the authority has contracted, or intends to contract, to purchase the buildings on or before completion, are classified as public sector.
- 14. Functional classification of buildings: a building is classified according to its intended major function. Hence, a building which is ancillary to other buildings, or forms a part of a group of related buildings, is classified to the function of the building and not to the function of the group as a whole. An example of this can be seen in the treatment of building work approved for a factory complex. In this case, a detached administration building would be classified to Offices, a detached cafeteria building to Shops, while factory buildings would be classified to Factories. An exception to this rule is in the treatment of group accommodation buildings e.g. a student accommodation building on a university campus would be classified to Educational.
- 15. From July 1992, an expanded functional classification of buildings based on the *Dwelling Structure Classification*

- (DSC) has been introduced by the ABS to provide more detailed information on residential building approvals.
- 16. The DSC has been developed by the ABS to provide a standard classification of the different types of dwelling structures (houses, flats, townhouses, etc.). The DSC will be implemented across all major collections of housing data in the ABS. The DSC has the same overall scope as the classification used in previous collections but provides more detail than previously available to reflect the current interest in medium to high density housing.
- 17. In particular, for Building Approvals, DSC allows new other residential building to be classified as follows:
 - (a) Semi-detached, row or terrace houses, townhouses, etc. (dwellings having their own private grounds and no other dwellings above or below) with:
 - one storey;
 - two or more storeys.
 - (b) Flats, units or apartments, etc. (dwellings not having their own private grounds and usually sharing a common entrance, foyer or stairwell) in a building of:
 - one or two storeys;
 - three storeys;
 - four or more storeys.
- 18. More details on the DSC are contained in the ABS Information Paper, *Dwelling Structure Classification (DSC)* (1296.0).

General

19. For purposes of comparison, it should be noted that statistics of building approvals are affected from month to month by large projects (e.g. blocks of flats, multi-storey office buildings) approved in particular months and also by the administrative arrangements of government authorities.

Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC)

20. Area statistics are now being classified to the Australian Standard Geographical Classification, Edition 2.4 (1216.0) and ASGC terminology has been adopted in the presentation of building statistics.

Estimates at Constant Prices

- 21. Estimates of the quarterly value of building approvals at average 1989-90 prices are presented in Table 6. (Note: monthly value data at constant prices are not available.)
- 22. Constant price estimates measure changes in value after the direct effects of price changes have been eliminated. The deflators used to revalue the current price estimates in this publication are derived from the same price data underlying

the deflators compiled for the dwellings and non-dwelling construction components of the national accounts aggregate 'Gross fixed capital expenditure'.

23. Estimates at constant prices are subject to a number of approximations and assumptions. Further information on the nature and concepts of constant price estimates is contained in Chapter 4 of Australian National Accounts: Concepts, Sources and Methods (5216.0).

Unpublished Data and Related Publications

- 24. The ABS can also make available certain building approvals data which are not published. Where it is not practicable to provide the required information by telephone, data can be provided in the following forms: microfiche, photocopy, computer printout and clerically extracted tabulation. A charge may be made for providing unpublished information in these forms.
- 25. Other ABS publications which may be of interest include:

Building Approvals, Australia (8731.0)
Building Activity, Australia: Dwelling Unit Commencements, Preliminary (8750.0)
Building Activity, Northern Territory (8752.7) – issued quarterly

26. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a Publications Advice (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

Symbols and other usages

SD Statistical Division

SSD Statistical Subdivision

(T) town

il or rounded to zero

r figure revised since previous issue

27. Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

BOB HARRISON Statistician, Northern Territory



For more information ...

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Information Services, ABS, GPO Box 3796, Darwin 0801

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